



# BOARD ACTIVITY SHEET: MARCH 2025

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

**Note:**

1. All activities/questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
4. It is mandatory to write a complete statement as an answer in Question Nos. 1(A) and 6.
5. In Question Nos. 2(A) and 8(B), the appropriate answers are expected to be written by pen only in the concept map.
6. If answers to Question No. 1(A), (B) and Question No. 6 are repeated in the answer sheet, then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences:** [3]

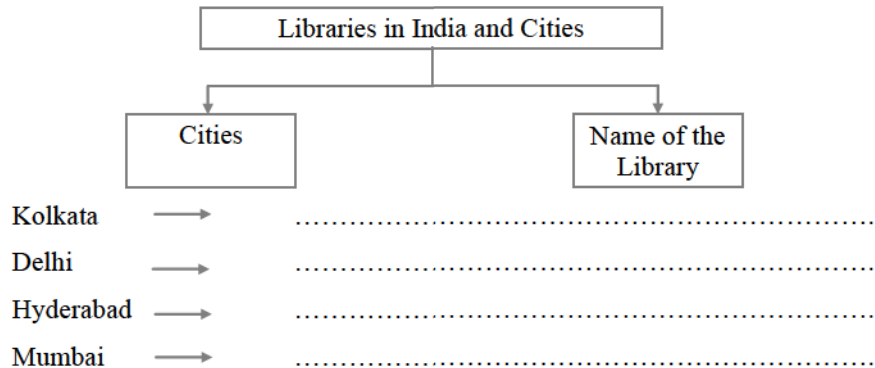
1. The earliest museum in the world was discovered in the excavations at the city of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Delhi (B) Harappa  
 (C) Ur (D) Kolkata
2. The first Chief Minister of Maharashtra was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Vasant Rao Naik (B) Yashwantrao Chavan  
 (C) Shankarrao Chavan (D) Vasantdada Patil
3. The Sanskrit text of 'Hitopadesh' was translated into German \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) James Mill (B) Friedrich Max Muller  
 (C) Mountstuart Elphinstone (D) Sir John Marshall

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it:** [3]

1.
  - i. Raigadala Jevha Jag Yete - Vasant Kanetkar
  - ii. Tilak ani Agarkar - Vishram Bedekar
  - iii. Sashtang Namaskar - Acharya Atre
  - iv. Ekach Pyala - Annasaheb Kirloskar
2.
  - i. Leopold von Ranké - The Secret of World History
  - ii. Michel Foucault - Archaeology of Knowledge
  - iii. Karl Marx - Das Kapital
  - iv. René Descartes - Reason in History
3.
  - i. Prabhakar - Acharya P.K. Atre
  - ii. Darpan - Balshastri Jambhekar
  - iii. Deenbandhu - Krishnarao Bhalekar
  - iv. Kesari - Bal Gangadhar Tilak

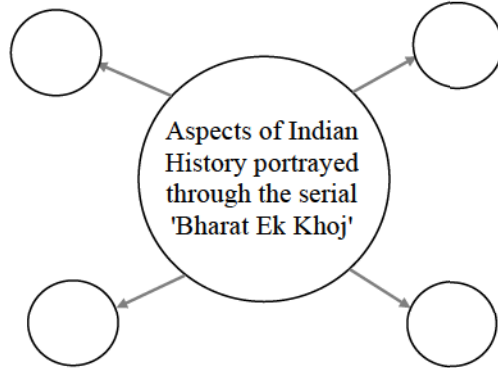
**Q.2. (A) Complete the activity as per given instructions (any two):** [4]

1. Complete the following chart:

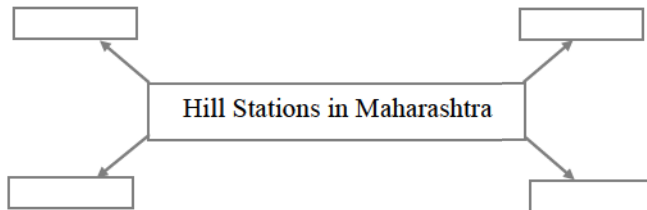




2. Complete the following concept map:



3. Complete the concept map:



(B) Write short notes on (any two):

1. Applied History
2. Maratha Style of Painting
3. Sthalakosh.

[4]

Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):

1. Foucault called his method, 'the archaeology of knowledge'.
2. Bakhar is an important type of historical documents.
3. Expertise in History is important in the film industry.
4. It is essential to study the history of technology.

[4]

Q.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it:

[4]

Major Dhyan Chand, an expert player of hockey was also the captain of the Indian hockey team. Indian hockey team won a gold medal in 1936 at Berlin Olympics under his captaincy. He was also part of the previous Indian hockey teams in 1928 and 1932, which played at Olympics and won gold medals. 29th August, the birth date of Dhyan Chand is celebrated as National Sports Day in India. He was known as the 'Wizard of Hockey'. He was honoured with a 'Padmabhushan' in 1956.

Questions :

1. Who was captain of Indian hockey team in 1936?
2. Which day is celebrated as National Sports Day in India?
3. State your opinion about the game of Hockey.

(1)

(1)

(2)

Q.5. Answer the following questions in detail (any two):

[6]

1. What is feminist historiography?
2. What kind of professional opportunities are available in the field of Arts?
3. What is Powada?
4. Explain any three types of tourism.

Q.6. Choose the correct option from given options and complete the statements:

[2]

1. In Maharashtra \_\_\_\_\_ seats are reserved for women in local self-governing institutions.  
 (A) 25% (B) 30%  
 (C) 40% (D) 50%



2. To increase agricultural production and become self-sufficient with regard to food grains \_\_\_\_\_ was initiated.
- (A) Water revolution (B) Green revolution  
(C) Industrial revolution (D) White revolution

**Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (any two):** [4]

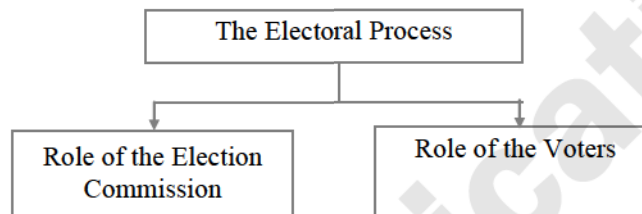
1. Under special circumstances the Election Commission holds re-elections in a particular constituency for a second time.
2. Secrecy in the working of Government has increased due to the Right to Information.
3. Coalition politics leads to instability.

**Q.8. (A) Explain the following concept (any one):** [2]

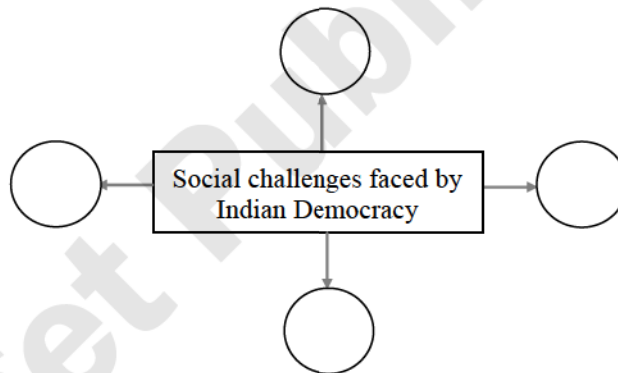
1. Provisions for minorities
2. Workers movements.

**(B) Do as directed (any one):** [2]

1. Complete the following chart:



2. Complete the following concept map:



**Q.9. Answer in brief (any one):** [2]

1. State the norms that are set by the Election Commission to get recognition as a national party.
2. Which factors are required for the success of democracy in India?



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2024

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

**Time: 2 Hours****Max. Marks: 40****Note:**

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3. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
4. In Question Nos. 2(A) and 8(B) the appropriate answers are expected to be written with pen/ pencil in the concept map /chart.
5. If the answers of Question No. 1(A) and 1(B) and Question No. 6 are repeated in answer sheet, then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives and complete the sentences: [3]**

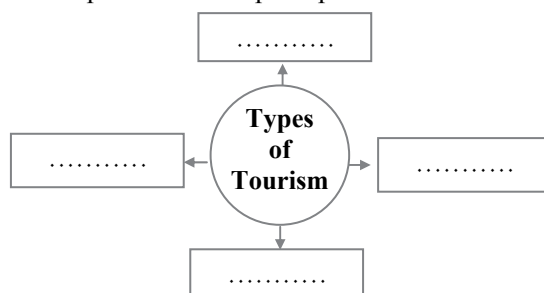
1. The \_\_\_\_\_ saw the rise of Mathura School.  
(A) Kushana period (B) Gupta period  
(C) Rashtrakuta period (D) Maurya period
2. Bhilar near Mahabaleshwar is known as the 'Village of \_\_\_\_\_'.  
(A) Books (B) Plants (C) Mangoes (D) Forts
3. According to \_\_\_\_\_, "human history is the history of class struggle."  
(A) Voltaire (B) George Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel  
(C) Leopold Von Ranke (D) Karl Marx

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in every set and rewrite: [3]**

1. i. Kootiyattam - Sanskrit theatre, Kerala  
ii. Ramman - Dance form in West Bengal  
iii. Ramlila - Traditional performance of the Ramayana in Uttar Pradesh  
iv. Kalbelia - Folk songs and dances of Rajasthan
2. i. Dashavatara - Tyagraj  
ii. Khanjiri Bhajan - Rashtrasant Tukdoji Maharaj  
iii. Keertan - Saint Namdev  
iv. Bharud - Saint Eknath
3. i. James Mill - Feminist Historian  
ii. Friedrich Max Muller - Orientalist Scholar  
iii. Justice Mahadev Govind Ranade - Nationalistic Historian  
iv. Damodar Kosambi - Marxist Historian

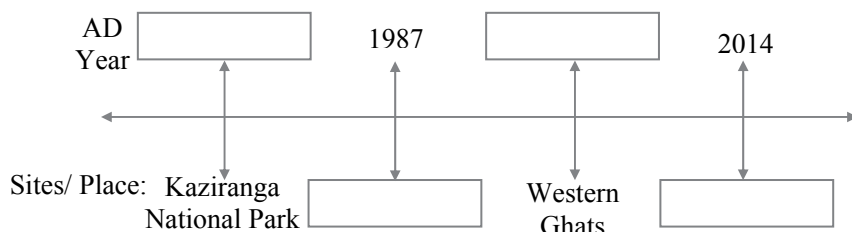
**Q.2. (A) Do as directed (any two): [4]**

1. Complete the concept map:





2. Complete the Timeline:  
World Natural Heritage Sites in India



3. Complete the following table:

	Lalit	Bharud
Characteristics		
Example		

**(B) Write short notes (any two):**

1. Sthalakosh
2. Orientalist Historiography
3. The role of newspapers in the Indian struggle for independence

[4]

**Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):**

1. Foucault called his method, 'the archaeology of knowledge'.
2. It is necessary to preserve the tradition like Chitrakathi, which is on the verge of extinction.
3. Toys can tell us about history.
4. The list of World Heritage Sites is announced by UNESCO.

[4]

**Q.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions below:**

Major Dhyan Chand, an expert player of hockey was also the captain of the Indian hockey team. Indian hockey team won a Gold Medal in 1936 at Berlin Olympics under his captaincy. He was also part of the previous hockey teams in 1928 and 1932, which played at Olympics and won Gold Medals. 29<sup>th</sup> August, the birth date of Dhyan Chand is celebrated as the National Sports Day in India. He was known as the 'Wizard of Hockey.' He was honoured with a 'Padmabhushan' in 1956.

[4]

1. Who is called the 'Wizard of Hockey'?
2. In India, Major Dhyan Chand's birthday is celebrated as?
3. Write in short about the contribution of Major Dhyan Chand in Olympics.

(1)

(1)

(2)

**Q.5. Answer the following questions in detail (any two):**

[6]

1. What is feminist historiography?
2. Why is library management important?
3. What kind of professional opportunities are available in the field of arts?
4. Write about the Dashavatara theatre.

**Q.6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the statements:**

[2]

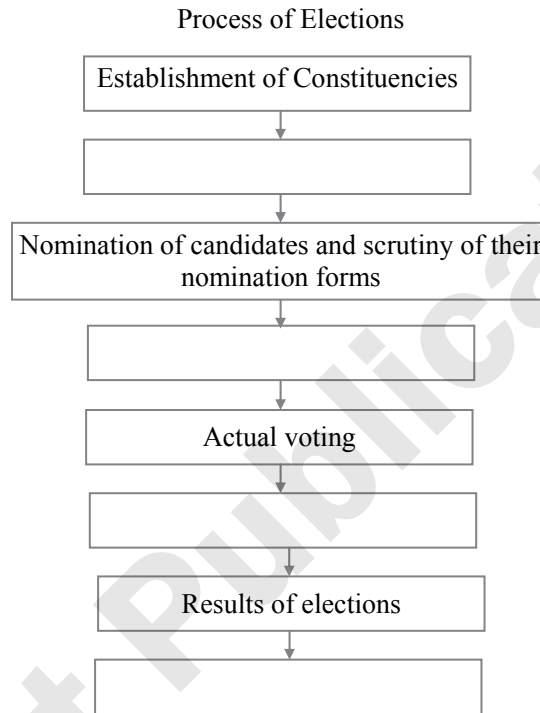
1. 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Amendment to the Indian constitution gave a constitutional status to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Vidhansabha  
 (B) Local self-governing institutions  
 (C) Lok Sabha  
 (D) Rajya Sabha
2. The major challenge faced by all democratic nations in the world is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Religious conflicts  
 (B) Naxal activities  
 (C) Deepening the roots of democracy  
 (D) Importance to muscle power



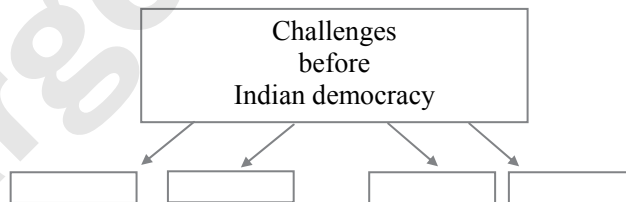
- Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (any two):** [4]
- Under special circumstances the Election Commission holds elections in a particular constituency for a second time.
  - Coalition politics leads to instability.
  - Consumer movement came into existence.

- Q.8. (A) Explain the following concepts (any one):** [2]
- Criminalisation of politics
  - Rights based approach

- (B) Do as directed (any one):** [2]
- Complete the following concept map:



- Complete the following concept map:



- Q.9. Answer in brief (any one):** [2]
- What is meant by establishment of social justice?
  - What is meant by midterm elections?



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2023

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

**Time: 2 Hours****Max. Marks: 40****Note:**

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4. It is mandatory to write a complete statement as answer in Question Nos. 1(A) and 6.
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6. If the answers of Question No. 1(A) and 1(B) and Question No. 6 are repeated in answer sheet, then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct option from given options and complete the sentences: [3]**

1. Louvre Museum has in its collection the much acclaimed painting of \_\_\_\_\_ by Leonardo da Vinci.  
(A) Napoleon (B) Mona Lisa  
(C) Hans Sloan (D) George II
2. Thomas Cook established a travel agency selling \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Handicrafts (B) Toys  
(C) Food items (D) Tourist tickets
3. Among women authors writing about women in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century, C.E. \_\_\_\_\_ was the foremost one.  
(A) Tarabai Shinde (B) Pandita Ramabai  
(C) Meera Kosambi (D) Sharmila Rege

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite: [3]**

1.

	City	Library
i.	Kolkata	National Library
ii.	Delhi	Nehru Memorial Museum and Library
iii.	Hyderabad	State Central Library
iv.	Pune	Library of Asiatic Society

2.

	Thinkers	Country
i.	Karl Marx	England
ii.	Michel Foucault	France
iii.	Leopold von Ranke	Germany
iv.	Herodotus	Greece

3.

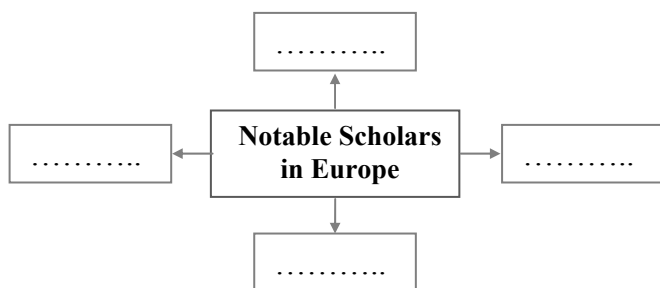
	Types of Magazine	Duration
i.	Weekly	Seven days
ii.	Bimonthly	Fifteen days
iii.	Monthly	One month
iv.	Quarterly	Two months



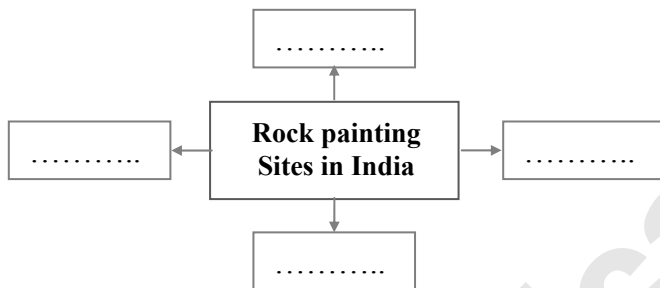
**Q.2. (A) Complete the following concept map/chart (any two):**

[4]

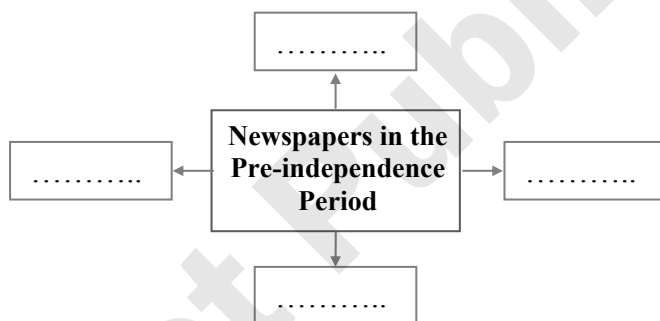
1. Complete the concept map:



2. Complete the concept map:



3. Complete the concept map:



**(B) Write short notes on (any two):**

[4]

1. Dialectics
2. Public History
3. Marathi Theatre

**Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):**

[4]

1. Television is the most popular medium.
2. Bharuds composed by Saint Eknath are popular in Maharashtra.
3. Foreigners prefer to come to India to avail medical facilities.
4. Major Dhyhan Chand is known as the 'Wizard of Hockey'.

**Q.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it:**

[4]

Sports and Greeks is a very ancient equation. The Greeks were the first to standardise the rules of sports and organise them systematically. They started sports competitions of Discus throw, Horse and Chariot Races, Wrestling and Boxing etc. The ancient event of Olympic competitions used to be held at Olympia, the ancient Greek city. To be able to participate in Olympics and be a winner is supposed to be a great honour for sports-persons.

1. In which city was the ancient Olympic competitions held? (1)
2. From which period is the relation of Sports and Greeks? (1)
3. Write in your own words about Olympic games. (2)



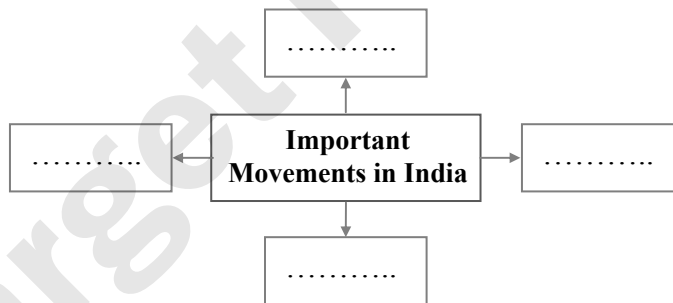
- Q.5. Answer the following questions in detail (any two):** [6]
1. What is Bakhar? Explain the different types of Bakhars in detail.
  2. Suggest at least *six* solutions for the preservation of the sources of history.
  3. What are the professional fields associated with tourism?
  4. Which tasks are important in archives management?

- Q.6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the statements:** [2]
1. Which of the following laws created a favourable environment for women to secure freedom and self-development?
    - (A) Right to Information Act
    - (B) Dowry Prohibition Act
    - (C) Food Security Act
    - (D) Right to Education Act
  2. In 1986, \_\_\_\_\_ came into existence.
    - (A) Consumer Protection Act
    - (B) Trade Union Act
    - (C) Right to Information Act
    - (D) Dowry Prohibition Act

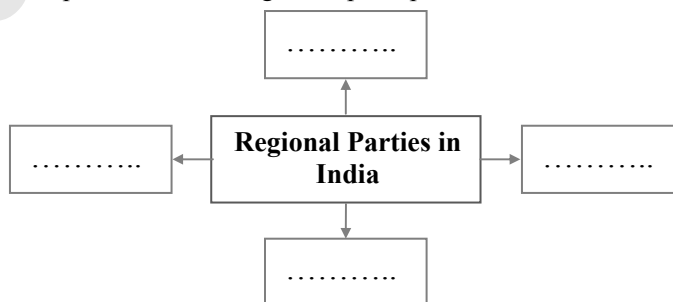
- Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (any two):** [4]
1. The nature of the Constitution is seen as a living document.
  2. Under special circumstances, the Election Commission holds re-elections in a particular constituency for a second time.
  3. Movements do not need strong leadership.

- Q.8. (A) Explain the following concepts (any one):** [2]
1. National Parties
  2. Corruption

- (B) Do as directed (any one):** [2]
1. Complete the following concept map:



2. Complete the following concept map:



- Q.9. Answer in brief (any one):** [2]
1. What is meant by establishment of social justice?
  2. What are the challenges in conducting free and fair elections?



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2022

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

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6. The answers of Question No. 1(A) and (B) and Question No. 6 are repeated then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the *correct* option from the given options and complete the sentences: [3]**

1. The first English newspaper in India was started by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) James Augustus Hickey (B) Sir John Marshall  
(C) Allen Hume (D) Michel Foucault
2. The first Director General of the Archaeological Survey of India was \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Alexander Cunningham (B) William Jones  
(C) John Marshall (D) Friedrich Max Muller
3. The first museum in India is \_\_\_\_\_ at Kolkata.  
(A) Government Museum (B) National Museum  
(C) Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Vastusangrahalay  
(D) Indian Museum

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it: [3]**

1.

i.	Benjamin Tudela	Spain
ii.	Marco Polo	Italy
iii.	Ibn Batuta	India
iv.	Yuan Shwang	China

2.

i.	Mallakhamb	Physical Exercise game
ii.	Kabaddi	Outdoor games
iii.	Ice Hockey	Adventurous games
iv.	Atyapatya	Indoor games

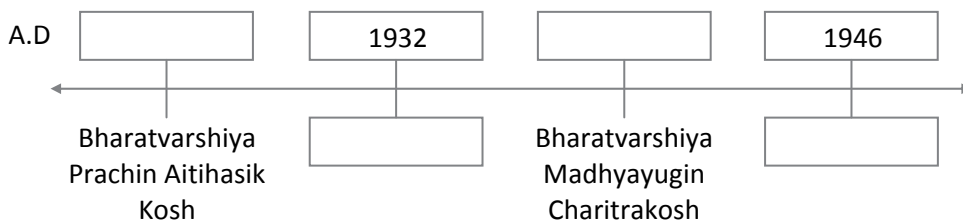
3.

i.	James Augustus Hickey	Bengal Gazette
ii.	Balshastri Jambhekar	Darpan
iii.	Bhau Mahajan	Dnyanoday
iv.	Bal Gangadhar Tilak	Kesari

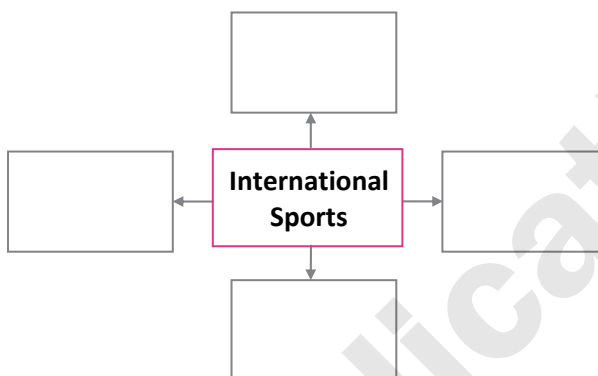


**Q.2. (A) Complete the following concept chart/map (any two):** **[4]**

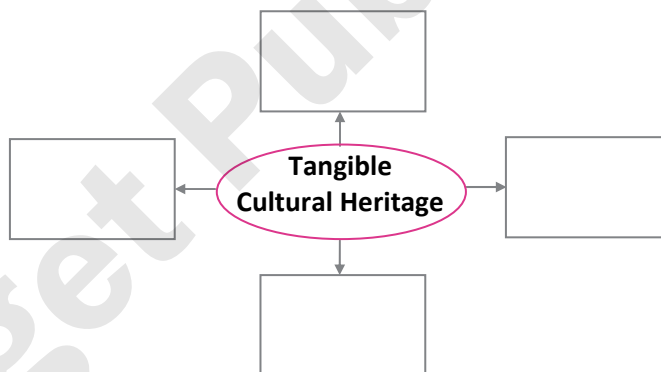
1. Complete the following timeline regarding Encyclopaedias related to History subject:



2. Complete the following concept chart:



3. Complete the following concept map:



**(B) Write short notes on (any two):** **[4]**

1. Subaltern History
2. Voltaire
3. Louvre Museum

**Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):** **[4]**

1. We must preserve our natural and cultural heritage.
2. Knowledge of history is essential for newspaper articles.
3. Toys can tell us about cultural history.
4. Running commentaries of cricket broadcasted by Bal. J. Pandit on Akashvani were entertaining.



**Q.4. Read the following extract and answer the questions below:** [4]

**Sohagaura Copper-plate:** The copper-plate was found at Sohagaura (District Gorakhpur, Uttar Pradesh). It is supposed to be from the Mauryan period. The inscription on it is in Brahmi script. The symbols known as 'Tree-in-railing' and 'Mountain' at the beginning of the inscription also occur on punch marked coins. Another symbol which looks like a structure erected on four pillars is supposed to be indicative of a granary. The inscription records a royal order that the grains stored in the granary should be distributed carefully. It is supposed to be suggestive of precautions taken in the times of a famine.

1. Where was the Sohagaura Copper-plate found? (1)
2. In which script is Sohagaura Copper-plate? (1)
3. Explain the importance of Sohagaura Copper-plate at the source of History. (2)

**Q.5. Answer the following questions in detail (any two):** [6]

1. How can we correlate Applied History with our present?
2. Write in detail 'History of Akashwani'.
3. Explain the difference between outdoor and indoor games.
4. What are the professional opportunities in the Tourism and Hospitality industry available to History students?

**Q.6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the statements:** [2]

1. The essence of democracy is \_\_\_\_\_
  - (A) Universal Adult Franchise
  - (B) Decentralization of power
  - (C) Policy of reservation of seats
  - (D) Judicial decisions
2. In the pre-independence period \_\_\_\_\_ tribe from Orissa revolted against the British rule.
  - (A) Koli
  - (B) Gond
  - (C) Bhillia
  - (D) Ramoshi

**Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (any two):** [4]

1. The judgements of court on various subjects have made the political process in India more mature.
2. The State Government decides as to when and in how many stages the elections would be held in a particular state.
3. Consumer movement came into existence.

**Q.8. (A) Write the following concept (any one):** [2]

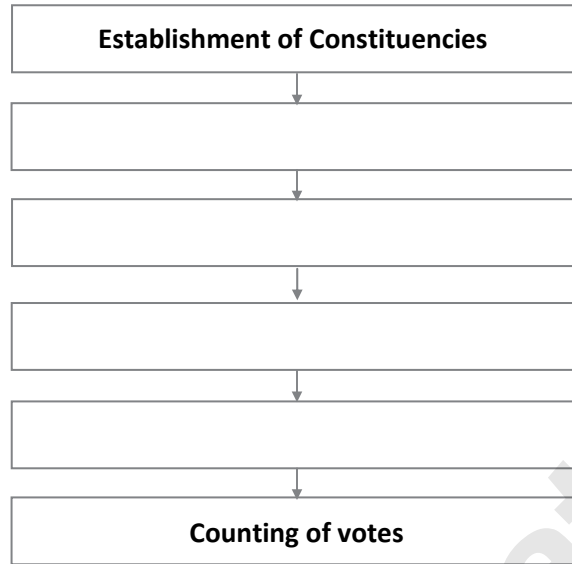
1. Multiparty system.
2. Water revolution.



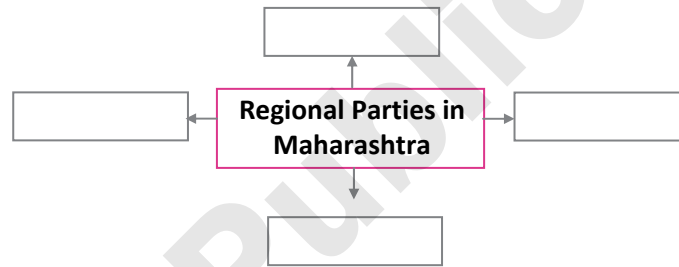
[2]

**(B) Do as directed (any one):**

- Complete the following flow chart:  
Process of Elections:



- Complete the following concept diagram:



**Q.9. Answer in brief (any one):**

[2]

- Which decisions of the court has resulted in protection of honour and dignity of women?
- Why movements need a strong leadership?



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: JULY 2022

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

**Time: 2 Hours****Max. Marks: 40**

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6. In Question No. 1(A), 1(B) and Question No. 6 are repeated then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences: [3]**

- (1) The Sanskrit text of 'Hitopadesh' was translated in German by \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) James Mill (B) Friedrich Max Muller  
(C) Mount Stuart Elphinstone (D) Sir John Marshall
- (2) The earliest museum in the world was discovered in the excavations at the city of \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) Delhi (B) Harappa  
(C) Ur (D) Kolkata
- (3) Bhilar, a village near Mahabaleshwar is known as the 'Village of \_\_\_\_\_.'
- (A) Books (B) Plants  
(C) Mangoes (D) Forts

**Q.1. (B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it: [3]**

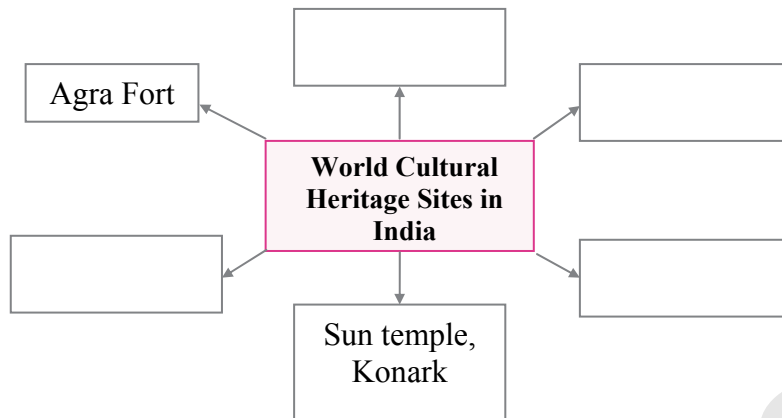
- (1)
- |      |                              |                                      |
|------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| i.   | Georg Wilhem Friedrich Hegel | 'Reason in History'                  |
| ii.  | Leopold von Ranke            | 'The Theory and Practice of History' |
| iii. | Herodotus                    | 'The Histories'                      |
| iv.  | Karl Marx                    | 'Discourse on the Method'            |
- (2)
- |      |            |                      |
|------|------------|----------------------|
| i.   | Darpan     | Balshastri Jambhekar |
| ii.  | Prabhakar  | Acharya P.K. Atre    |
| iii. | Deenbandhu | Krishnarao Bhalekar  |
| iv.  | Kesari     | Bal Gangadhar Tilak  |
- (3)
- |      |  |                    |
|------|--|--------------------|
| i.   | Ranjankhalage (Naturally carved out cavities in rocks) at Nighoj | Geographic tourism |
| ii.  | Forts in Rajasthan   | Historical tourism |
| iii. | A visit to Agricultural University                               | Agro-tourism       |
| iv.  | Himalayan Car Rally  | Health tourism     |



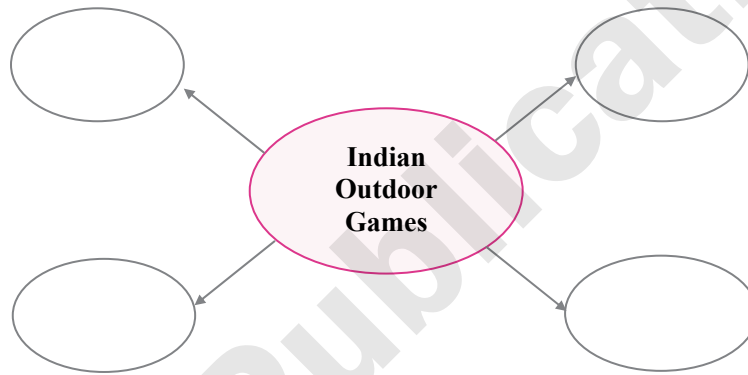
Q.2. (A) Complete the following concept map / chart (any two):

[4]

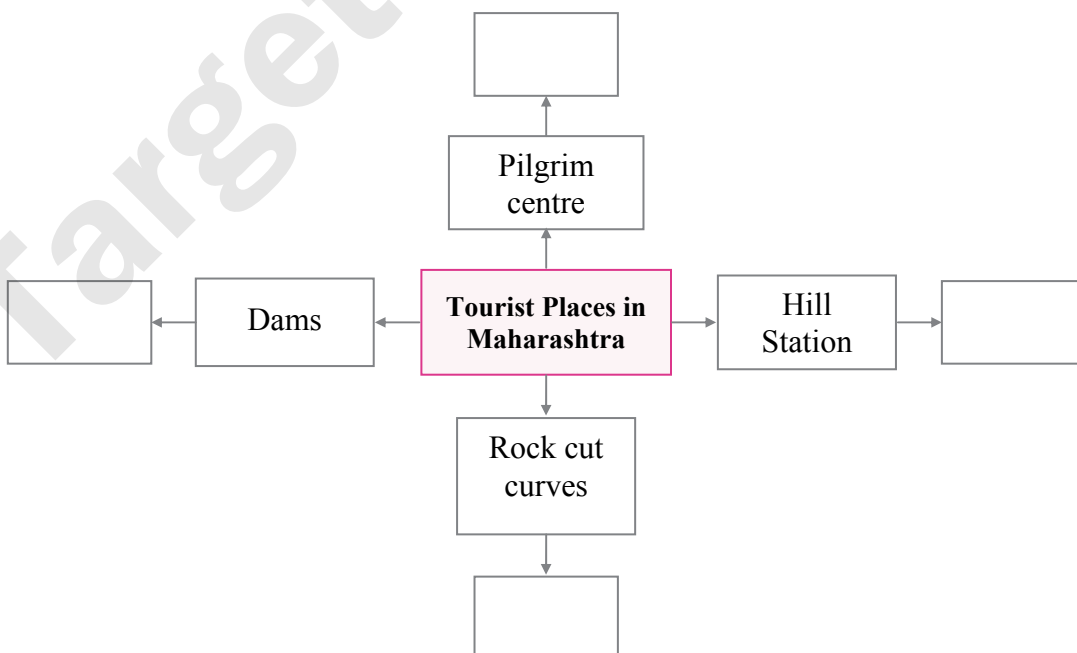
(1) Complete the concept web:



(2) Complete the concept web:



(3) Complete the concept web:



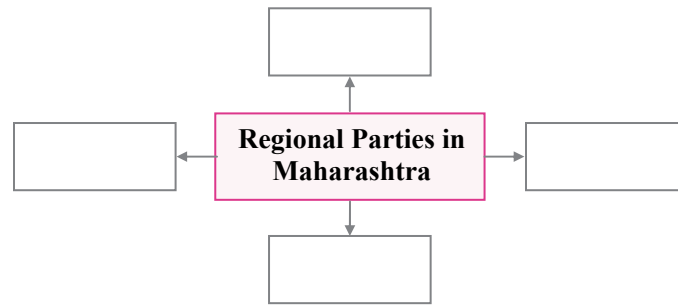


- Q.2 (B) Write short notes on (any two):** [4]
- (1) Voltaire
  - (2) Kesari and Maratha
  - (3) Toys and festival
- Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):** [4]
- (1) Historical research was driven to focus in depth on various aspects of women's life.
  - (2) It is essential to study the history of technology.
  - (3) Toys throw light on the History.
  - (4) Only trained persons, who are duly qualified can take up task involved in the work of conservation and preservation.
- Q.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it:** [4]
- Heritage Walks:** To go on a tour for visiting historical places is known as 'Heritage Walk'. One can experience the thrill of being a part of history by participating in heritage walks. 'Heritage Walks' as an organised group activity has gained popularity in many countries. India has a rich history, which can be traced back to many millenniums. Every region in India is full of historical places from ancient, medieval and modern period. The 'Heritage Walk' organised in the city of Ahmedabad is well-known. In the cities of Mumbai and Pune in Maharashtra such walks are organised regularly. Heritage walks can encourage people to support projects like conservation and preservation of historical monuments, to collect authentic information about them and to publish it through various media. Residences of renowned citizens who have passed away are also part of heritage. In some cities, 'blue plaques' with the names and other relevant information of such citizens are placed on their residences, as a part of heritage scheme.
- Questions:**
- (1) What is meant by Heritage Walk? (1)
  - (2) In which cities in India heritage walk is organised? (1)
  - (3) Name the place in your district that you would like to visit as part of heritage walk and why? (2)
- Q.5. Answers the following questions in detail (any two):** [6]
- (1) What is Marxist history?
  - (2) Why is library management important?
  - (3) Explain the difference between Indoor games and Outdoor games.
  - (4) What different methods of communication were adapted before the advent of newspapers?
- Q.6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the statements:** [2]
- (1) In Maharashtra, \_\_\_\_\_ seats are reserved for women in local and self-governing institutions.  
(A) 25 % (B) 30 % (C) 40 % (D) 50 %
  - (2) To increase agricultural production and become self-sufficient with regard to food grains \_\_\_\_\_ was initiated.  
(A) Water Revolution (B) Green revolution  
(C) Industrial revolution (D) White revolution.
- Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answer (any two):** [4]
- (1) Indian democracy is considered the largest democracy in world.
  - (2) Coalition politics leads to instability.
  - (3) The movement does not need leadership.
- Q.8. (A) Explain the following concepts (any one):** [2]
- (1) Right to Information
  - (2) Electoral reforms



- (B) Do as directed (any one):**  
 (1) Complete the concept map:

[2]



- (2) Complete the table:

State / Area	Tribes
(1) Odisha	_____
(2) _____	Koli
(3) Chota Nagpur	_____
(4) _____	Santhal

**Q.9. Answer in brief (any one):**

- (1) Explain the functions of the Election Commission.  
 (2) Explain the nature of farmer's movement in India.

[2]



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: JULY 2023

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

**Time: 2 Hours****Max. Marks: 40**

- Note:**
1. All the activities/questions are compulsory.
  2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  3. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
  4. It is mandatory to write a complete statement as answer in Question No. 1(A) and Question No. 6.
  5. In Question Nos. 2(A) and 8(B) the appropriate answer is expected to be written by pen only in the concept map/ diagram.
  6. In Question No. 1(A), (B) and Question No. 6 if the answers are written more than ones then the first answer written in the answer booklet will be considered.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences: [3]**

- (1) Sanskrit text Hitopadesh was translated in German by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) James Mill (B) Friedrich Max Muller  
(C) Mountstuart Elphinstone (D) Sir John Marshall
- (2) The wooden dolls made in Maharashtra are known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Thaki (B) Kalichandika (C) Gangavati (D) Champavati
- (3) India's National Museum is in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Mumbai (B) Delhi (C) Chennai (D) Pune

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite: [3]**

(1)

	Group 'A'	Group 'B'
i.	Who were the Shudras	Subaltern History
ii.	Stri-Purush Tulana	Feminist History
iii.	The Indian War of Independence 1857	Marxist History
iv.	'A History of Mahrattas'	Colonial History

(2)

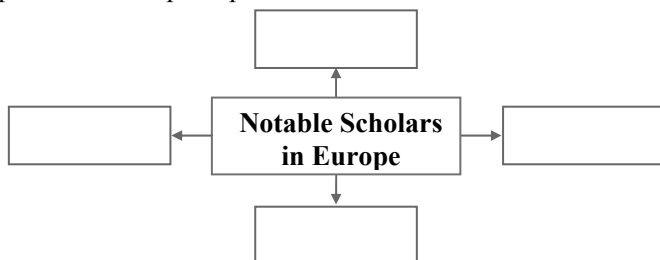
i.	Raygadala Jevha Jag Yete	Vasant Kanetkar
ii.	Tilak Ani Agarkar	Vishram Bedekar
iii.	Sashtang Namaskar	Acharya Atre
iv.	Ekach Pyala	Annasaheb Kirloskar

(3)

i.	Mallakhamb	Outdoor games based on physical skills
ii.	Water Polo	Water sport
iii.	Skating	Adventurous ice sport
iv.	Chess	Outdoor game

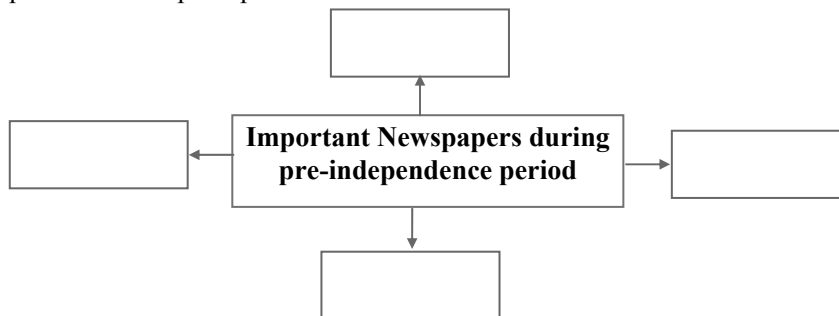
**Q.2. (A) Complete the following activity according to given instructions (any two): [4]**

- (1) Complete the concept map:

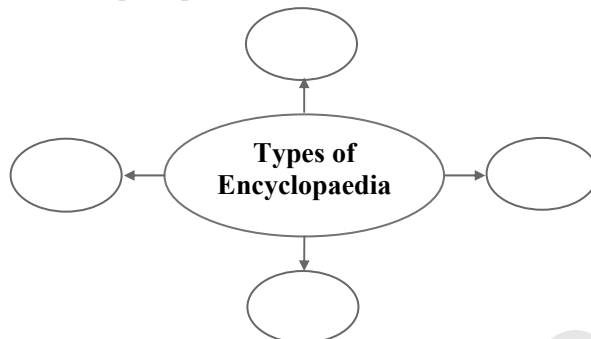




(2) Complete the concept map:



(3) Complete the concept map:



(B) Write short notes on (any two):

- (1) Subaltern History
- (2) Need of Mass Media
- (3) Sports and Movies.

[4]

Q.3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):

- (1) It is essential to study the History of technology.
- (2) An expert with deep understanding of art history is required in the art market.
- (3) The number of people travelling back and forth from India has increased considerably.
- (4) Archives and libraries publish research journals, informative pamphlets, leaflets posters etc.

[4]

Q.4. Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it:

[4]

There are two main traditions of keertan, (1) Naradiya or Haridasi (2) Varkari. Haridasi keertan is a solo performance. It has two parts, Poorvarang and Uttarrang. Naman (praising god), Nirupanacha Abhang (singing a composition that leads to the main theme) and Nirupan (explanation of the main theme) comprise the Poorvarang. Narration of a story to illustrate the main theme comprises Uttarrang. In the Varkari Keertan collective participation is more important. The players of cymbals also play an important part along with the keertankar. During the independence movement a new type of Keertan was developed, known as Rashtriya Keertan. It places more importance on creating awareness by narrating the life stories of great leaders of the Indian independence movement, scientists, social reformers, etc. The tradition of Rashtriya Keertan was started by Dattopant Patwardhan of Wai in Maharashtra.

Members of the Satyashodhak Samaj founded by Mahatma Jyotirao Phule also used Keertan as a medium of creating social awareness. The style of keertan by Saint Gadge Maharaj resembled closely to Satyashodhak style of Keertan. He used to throw light on issues like abolition of caste, cleanliness, deaddiction, etc.

**Questions:**

- (1) Who plays an important role along with the Keertankar? (1)
- (2) Which are the two main traditions of Keertan? (1)
- (3) Saint Gadge Maharaj's keertan closely resembled which style of keertan and threw light on which issues? (2)

Q.5. Write elaborated answers to the following questions (any two):

[6]

- (1) What is Marxist history?
- (2) Suggest at least six solutions for preservation of the sources of history.
- (3) Write in detail about folk styles of painting.



- (4) Describe *three* types of tourism :  
a. Health Tourism      b. International Tourism      c. Geographical Tourism.

**Q.6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences:** [2]

- (1) The essence of democracy is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Universal adult franchise      (B) Decentralisation of power  
(C) Policy of reservation of seats      (D) Judicial decisions.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is the main demand of farmers movement.  
(A) Right to cultivate on the forest land  
(B) To get the right price for agricultural product  
(C) Protection of consumers  
(D) Building of dams.

**Q.7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answer (any two):** [4]

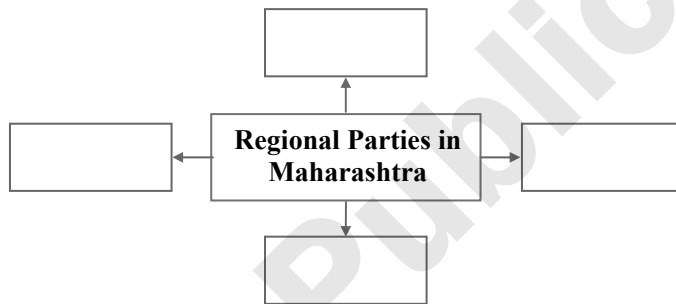
- (1) Indian democracy is considered the largest democracy in the world.  
(2) Shiromani Akali Dal is a National Party.  
(3) Alertness is required to sustain democracy.

**Q.8. (A) Write short notes on (any one):** [2]

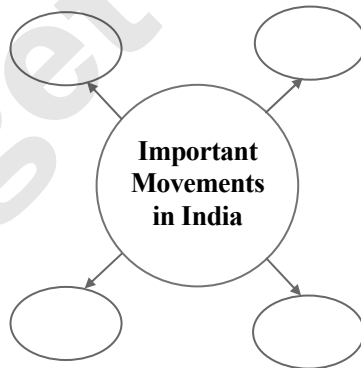
- (1) Right to Information  
(2) National Parties.

**(B) Complete the following activity according to given instructions (any one):** [2]

- (1) Complete the concept map:



- (2) Complete the concept map:



**Q.9. Answer the following questions in brief (any one):** [2]

- (1) Explain the meaning of Code of Conduct.  
(2) Explain the functions of Environmental Movement.

**BOARD QUESTION PAPER: DECEMBER 2020****History and Political Science****Time: 2 Hours****Max. Marks: 40****Notes:**

- All the activities/questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
- It is mandatory to write a complete statement as answer in Question No. 1(A) and 6.
- In Question Nos. 2(A) and 8(B) the appropriate answer is expected to be written by pen only in the concept map.
- Answers of Question No. 1 (A) and (B) and Question No. 6 are repeated then only first attempted answer will be considered.

**1. (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences: [3]**

- It may be said that \_\_\_\_\_ was the founder of Modern Historiography.  
(A) Voltaire (B) René Descartes (C) Leopold Ranké (D) Karl Marx
- The National Archives of India is in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Mumbai (B) Chennai (C) Delhi (D) Kolkata
- Cook established a travel agency selling \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Handicrafts (B) Toys (C) Food items (D) Tourist tickets

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following and rewrite it: [3]**

1.

i.	Who were the Shudras	Subaltern History
ii.	Stri-Purush Tulana	Feminist History
iii.	The Indian War of Independence, 1857	Marxist History
iv.	Grant Duff	Colonial History

2.

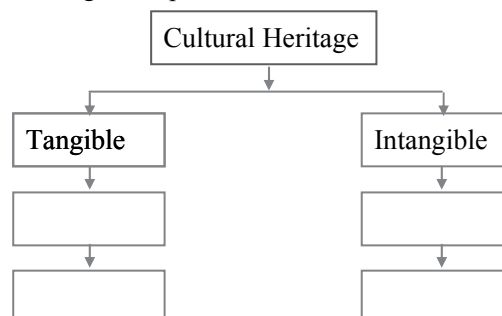
i.	Darpan	Balshastri Jambhekar
ii.	Prabhakar	Acharya P.K. Atre
iii.	Deenbandhu	Krishnarao Bhalekar
iv.	Kesari	Bal Gangadhar Tilak

3.

i.	Historical Tourism	Visit to historical places
ii.	Tourism based on special events	Visit to film festival and book exhibitions
iii.	International Tourism	Visit to hill stations
iv.	Sports Tourism	Visit to sports events

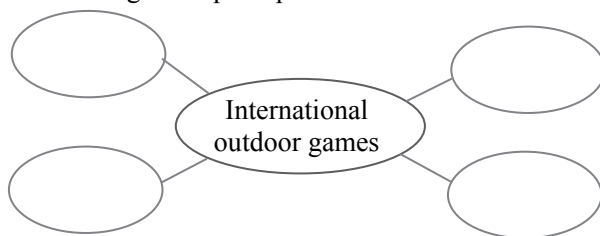
**2. (A) Complete the following concept chart/map (any two): [4]**

1. Complete the following concept chart:

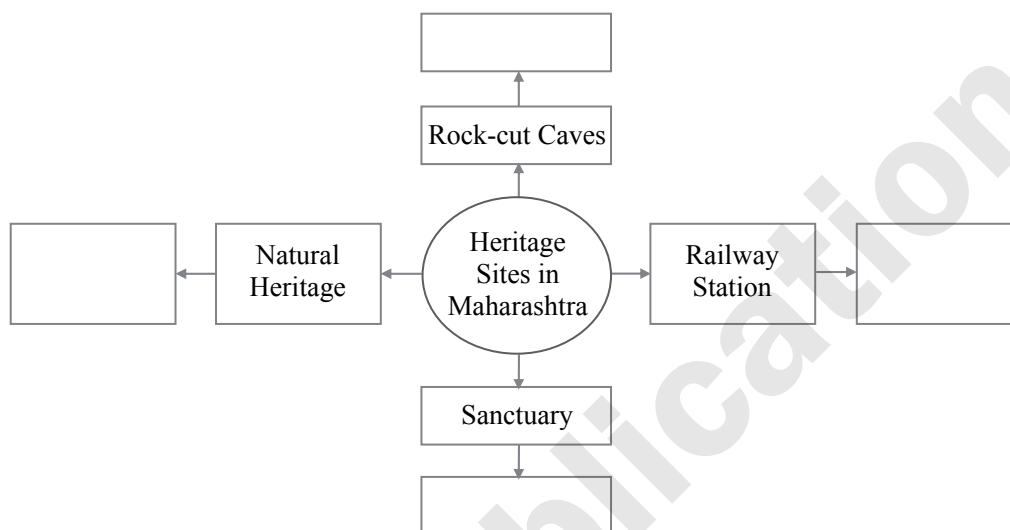




2. Complete the following concept map:



3. Complete the following concept map:



(B) Write short notes on (any two):

1. Annales School
2. Sports and Movies
3. Dashavatara Theatre.

[4]

3. Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):

1. Foucault called his method, the archaeology of knowledge.
2. The method of history useful in the research of many subjects.
3. It is necessary to preserve the tradition like Chitrakathi, which is on the verge of extinction.
4. Only trained persons, who are duly qualified can take up the tasks involved in the work of conservation and preservation.

[4]

4. Read the following extract and answer the questions below:

**Tamasha:** Tamasha is a Persian word. It means a 'Pleasing Sight.' Tamasha developed as an independent art form in the 18th century, by absorbing various traits of folk theatre and classical arts. There are two types of traditional Tamasha, Sangeet Bari and Dholakicha Phad. Dance and music are more important than drama in a Sangeet Bari. Tamasha with drama as the main part, was developed later. It included vag, the dramatic part, little later. The vag becomes very lively and entertaining because of its spontaneous humour. The show begins by singing the praise of Lord Ganesha, known as Gana. It is followed with the presentation of Gavalan. The second part of Tamasha presents the vag. The popular plays like 'Vichchha Mazi Puri Kara' or 'Gadhavache Lagna' are examples of the modern form of Tamasha.

[4]

1. From which language the word 'Tamasha' derived?
2. What are the two types of traditional Tamasha?
3. Explain the modern presentation form of Tamasha.

(1)

(1)

(2)

5. Answer the following questions in detail (any two):

[6]

1. What is the contribution of Itihasacharya V.K. Rajwade to historiography?
2. Which tasks are important in archives management?



- 3. What kind of professional opportunities are available in the field of arts? Explain.
- 4. Define periodicals, types and its classification.

**6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the statements: [2]**

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ has a power to make changes in the constitution.
  - (A) Parliament
  - (B) Local self-governing institutions
  - (C) Legislative assembly
  - (D) Cooperative institutions
- 2. To increase agricultural production and become self-sufficient with regard to food grains \_\_\_\_\_ was initiated.
  - (A) Water revolution
  - (B) Green revolution
  - (C) Industrial revolution
  - (D) White revolution

**7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answers (any two): [4]**

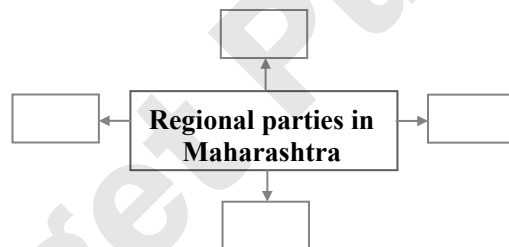
- 1. The nature of constitution is seen as a living document.
- 2. Shiromani Akali Dal is a national party.
- 3. Alertness is required to sustain democracy.

**8. (A) Explain the following concepts (any one): [2]**

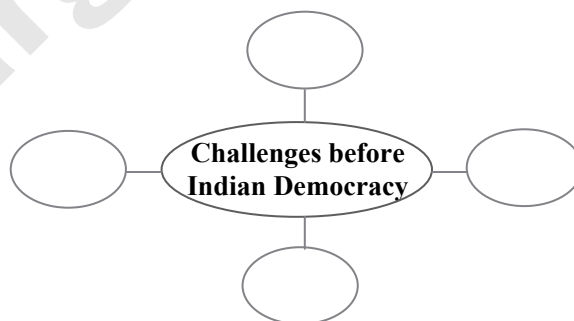
- 1. Right to Vote
- 2. Election Commission

**(B) Do as instructed (any one): [2]**

- 1. Complete the following concept map:



- 2. Complete the following concept map:



**9. Answer in brief (any one): [2]**

- 1. Explain the meaning of code of conduct.
- 2. Which problems are faced by modern workers movement?



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2019

## HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time: 2 ½ Hours

Max. Marks: 60

**Note:**

1. All the activities/questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Question Nos. 1 to 5 are based on History and Question Nos. 6 to 9 are based on Political Science.
4. It is mandatory to write a complete statement as answer in Question No. 1(A).
5. In Question No. 2(A) and 8(B) the appropriate answer is expected to be written by pen only in the concept map.
6. In Question No. 1(B) correction is expected in the second part.

**1. (A) Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences: [4]**

1. 'Primitive Communism to Slavery' represents the \_\_\_\_\_ historiography.  
(A) Colonial (B) Orientalist  
(C) Nationalistic (D) Marxist
2. The National Archives of India is in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Delhi (B) Kolkata  
(C) Mumbai (D) Chennai
3. The first English newspaper in India was started by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) James Augustus Hickey (B) Sir John Marshall  
(C) Allen Hume (D) Balshastri Jambhekar
4. The ancient event of Olympic competitions used to be held at \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Greece (B) Rome  
(C) India (D) China

**(B) Identify the wrong pair in the following, correct it and rewrite: [4]**

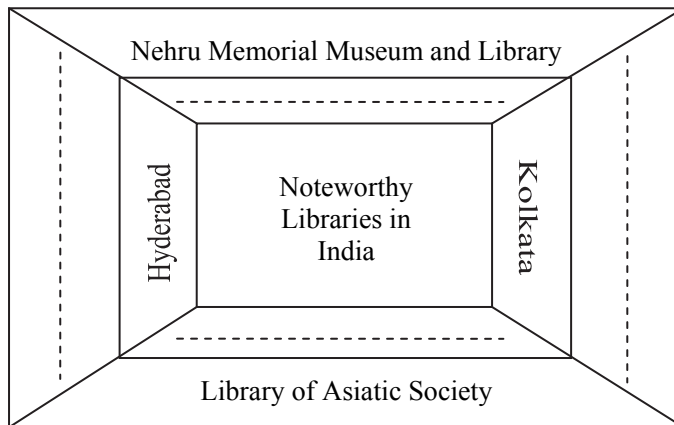
1. 1. Georg Wilhelm – Reason in History  
Friedrich Hegel
2. Leopold von Ranké – The Theory and Practice of History
3. Herodotus – The Histories
4. Karl Marx – Discourse on the Method
2. 1. Qutb Minar – Mehrauli  
2. Gol Gumbaz – Bijapur  
3. Chhatrapati Shivaji – Delhi  
Maharaj Railway Terminus
4. Taj Mahal – Agra
3. 1. Keechakvadh – Krishnaji Prabhakar Khadilkar  
2. Ekach Pyala – Ram Ganesh Gadkari  
3. Ithe Oshalala Mrutyu – Vasant Kanetkar  
4. Natasamrat – Vijay Tendulkar
4. 1. Gharapuri (Elephanta) – Cave  
2. Pandharpur – Pilgrim centre  
3. Sagarashwar – Dam  
4. Panchagani – Hill station



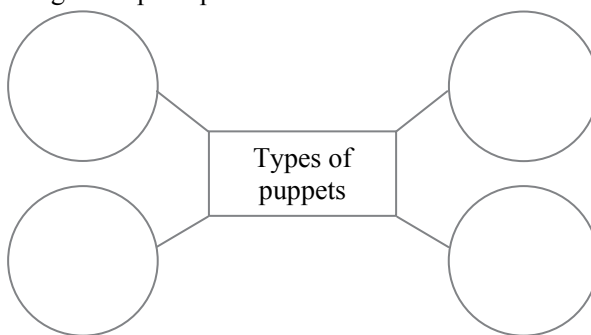
2. (A) Complete the following concept chart (any two):

[4]

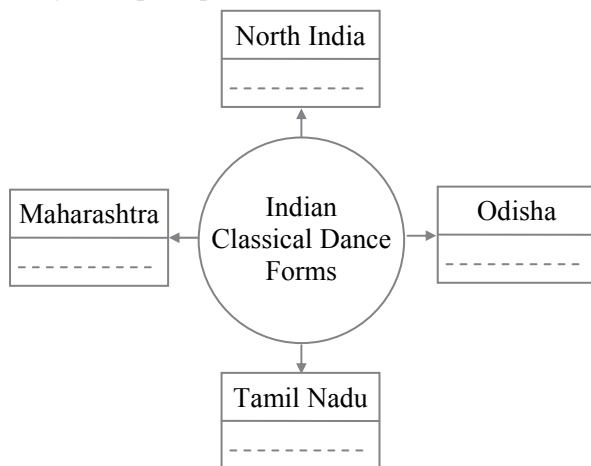
1.



2. Complete the following concept map:



3. Complete the following concept map:



(B) Write short notes on (any two):

[4]

1. Bharatiya Samskruti Kosh
2. Need of Mass Media
3. Toys and Festival

3. (A) Explain the following statements with reasons (any two):

[6]

1. Television is the most popular medium.
2. Writing of the regional history received a momentum.
3. The list of World Heritage Sites is announced by UNESCO.
4. The number of people travelling back and forth from India has increased considerably.
5. Bharuds composed by Saint Eknath are popular in Maharashtra.



**(B) Answer the following in short (any two):** [6]

1. Why is Voltaire said to be the founder of modern Historiography?
2. Write about folk traditions of sculptural art.
3. Which features of cricket commentary by Bal J. Pandit can be mentioned?

**4. Read the following passage and answer the questions based on it:** [4]

**‘Bharat Ek Khoj’**

‘Bharat Ek Khoj’, a serial telecasted by Doordarshan has a special place in the history of Indian television serials. It was based on ‘Discovery of India’, a book written by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It was directed by Shyam Benegal. This serial presented the history of India from the ancient to the modern period, throwing light on social, cultural and political history of respective periods.

It effectively portrayed many aspects of Indian history like Harappan Civilisation, Vedic history, interpretation of Ramayana and Mahabharata, Mauryan period, Turk-Afghan invasions, Mughal period and the contributions of Mughal emperors, *Bhakti* Movement, Role of Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj, movements of social reform and Indian struggle for independence, etc.

Roshan Seth, the actor who played Pandit Nehru’s role in this serial also appeared as a narrator, introducing and explaining various parts of the story by dramatising them, using folklore and informative speeches. The serial was admired in all parts of India because of the comprehensive historical perspective of Pandit Nehru and its equally comprehensive visual presentation.

1. On which book is a serial ‘Bharat Ek Khoj’ based on?
2. Who directed the serial ‘Bharat Ek Khoj’?
3. Which factors/aspects, according to you, made the serial ‘Bharat Ek Khoj’ popular?

**5. Write elaborate answer (any two):** [8]

1. What objectives can be fulfilled through the heritage projects?
2. Why is library management important?
3. Tourism can generate career and employment opportunities. Give your opinion.
4. Explain Karl Marx’s ‘Class Theory’.

**6. Choose the correct option from the given options and complete the sentences:** [4]

1. The essence of democracy is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Universal adult franchise (B) Decentralisation of power  
(C) Policy of reservation of seats (D) Judicial decisions
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the main demand of farmers movement.  
(A) Right to cultivate on the forest land  
(B) To get the right price for agricultural products  
(C) Protection of consumers  
(D) Building of dams
3. Justice Party – a non-Brahmin movement was transformed into \_\_\_\_\_ political Party.  
(A) Assam Gan Parishad  
(B) Shiv-Sena  
(C) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam  
(D) Jammu and Kashmir National Conference
4. The major challenge faced by all democratic nations in the world is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Religious conflicts (B) Naxal activities  
(C) Deepening the roots of democracy (D) Importance to muscle power

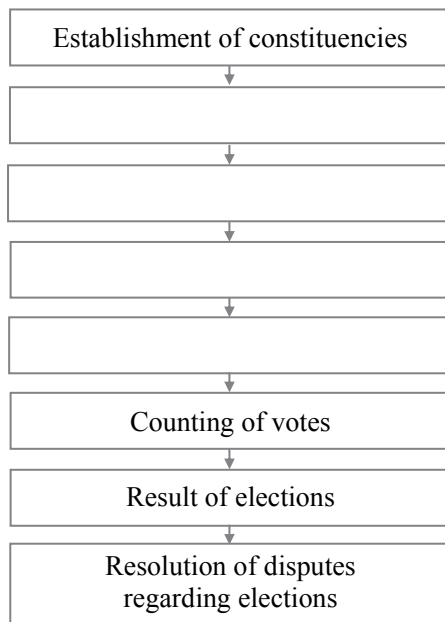
**7. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons for your answer (any two):** [4]

1. The nature of Constitution is seen as a living document.
2. The state government decides as to when and in how many stages the elections would be held in a particular state.
3. People may lose confidence in the democratic process due to corruption during elections.

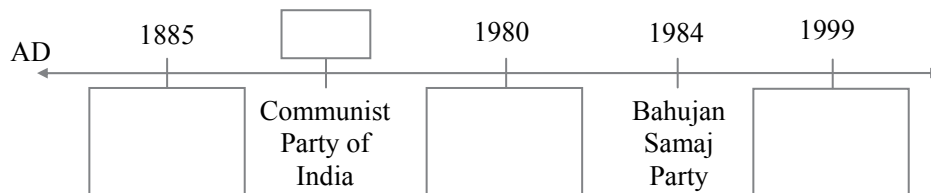


8. (A) Write short notes on (any two): [4]
1. Regionalism
  2. Water Revolution
  3. Right to Information.

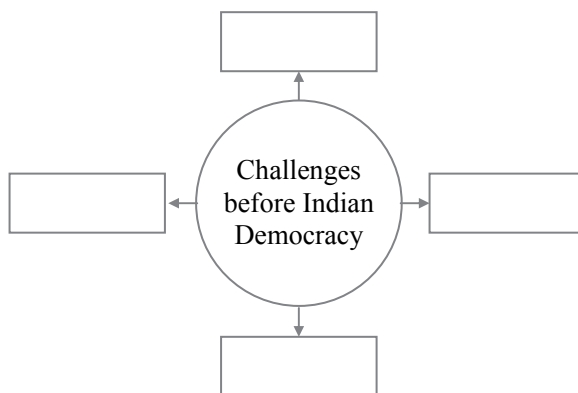
- (B) Complete the following picture (any two): [4]
1. Process of elections:



2. Complete the following timeline showing the political parties and their year of establishment :



3. Complete the concept map:



9. Answer the following questions in brief (any two): [4]
1. For which reforms were the women’s movement in the pre-independence period fighting?
  2. What efforts are undertaken to bring transparency in political process?
  3. Explain the features of procedure of voting during the first Lok Sabha election?
  4. Which particular Laws/Acts created a favourable environment for protection of freedom of women and secure their development?