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Date

Econom

ch-1

Chapter Development

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Que-1 What is development?

Development involves thinking of progress in different spheres of life that is social, economical, political etc that may improve the standard of living of people of that country.

Que-2 Different people have different development goals. Elaborate.

Different categories of people seek things that are more important for them and necessary for fulfilling their desires for eg:
1) for a landless rural labourer - regular work and better wages and better standard of living
2) farmers dependent on rain - irrigation facilities
3) urban employment youth - employment opportunities / educational opportunities

• Inco persons or groups may have conflicting goals, for eg
1) a girl needs more freedom and opportunity while boys may not desire such freedom and opportunities for girls

2) Industrialists may want more electricity and more dams while it may displace people such as tribals.

Que-3 what can be different developmental goals for a nation?

Better income employment and wages
increasing incomes
Equal treatment, freedom, security and respect of laws
Better quality of life and a safe and secured
environment

- 4 What is national income?
It is the sum of incomes of all the citizens of a country
from different sectors that is primary, secondary and tertiary

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Per capita income -
The average income obtained by dividing the total
income of country with total population is called per
capita income

- 5 What criteria is used by world bank

According to world bank -
countries with per capita income of Rs. 4,63,000 are called
high income countries
while those with per capita income less than Rs. 7,000 are
called low income countries

India's per capita income in 2004 was 28000 per annum

11 Infant mortality rate -
It indicates the no. of children that die before the age of 1 as a proportion of 1000 children born in that particular year.

Literacy rate -
Literacy rate measures the proportion of literate population in the seven and above age group.

- Net attendance ratio -
It is the total no. of children of age group 6-10 attending school as a percentage of total no. of children in the same age group.

* Kerala has a low infant mortality rate because it has adequate facilities of basic health and education provisions.

Que-6 What is the criteria used by the UNDP for measuring development from different and used by World Bank?
HDI stands for Human Development Index. HDI ranks

life expectancy at birth denotes as the number suggests average expected length of life of a person at the time of birth.

Gross enrolment ratio for 3 levels means enrolment ratio for primary school, secondary school and higher education beyond secondary education.

Per capita income is calculated in dollars for all countries so that it can be compared. It is also done in a way so that every dollar would buy the same amount of goods and services in any country.

Q-7 What do you understand by sustainability of development?

It means that development should take place in such a way that it satisfies the needs of the present generation without harming the environment and also protects the resources for the future generation.

It can be done by minimum usage, recycle and finding alternatives, for eg groundwater.